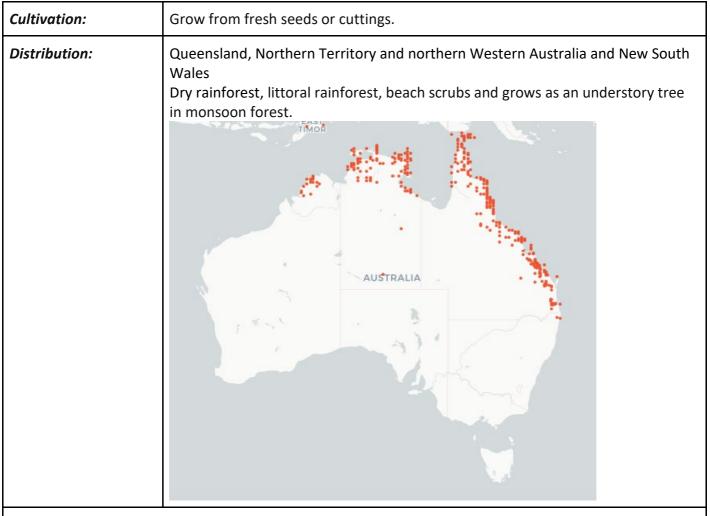
# LIME BERRY

Alternative name: Micromelum

## FAMILY: RUTACEAE

SCIENTIFIC NAME: Micromelum minutum

| Form and size:    | Small tree to 7m   |
|-------------------|--|
| Leaves:           | Alternate, compound leaves with 7-11 ovate leaflets<br>Leaflets are 7-15mm in length<br>Leaves 2-10cm wide<br>Adult leaf -<br>Topside: green<br>Underside: paler<br>The upper surface has numerous raised oil dots making crushed leaves aromatic. |
| Bark:             | Grey smooth to slightly scaly  |
| Flowers:          | Sweetly fragrant<br>Large 5-lobed panicle (a loose branching cluster of flowers) with small white<br>bisexual flowers.   |
| Flowering Period: | September to February  |
| Fruit:            | Yellow to bright orange drupe (simple fleshy fruit) with one seed, 6-7mm long  |
| Ecological notes: | Fruit eaten by Rose-crowned and Wompoo Fruit-doves. Larval food plant for the<br>Orchard Swallowtail and Fuscous Swallowtail Butterflies.<br>Nectar source for bees.   |



## **OTHER INFORMATION**

**Disclaimer:** Rotary Club of Capricorn Coast can not take any responsibility for any adverse effects from the use of plants. Always seek advice from a professional before ingesting any part of a plant or using a plant medicinally.

## **QUIZ TIME**

- 1. How many branches are in the flowers' panicles?
  - a. 5
  - b. 6
  - c. 7
  - d. 8

## 2. True or False. The fruit has one seed and is bright yellow

- a. True
- b. False

## 3. What makes the leaves aromatic when crushed?

## **ANSWERS:**

- 1. A
- 2. A
- 3. numerous raised oil dots

## **REFERENCES**

CSIRO. (2020). Australian Tropical Rainforest Plants.

Melzer, R., & Plumb, J. (2011). *Plants of Capricornia*. Belgamba.

Williams, P., Kirkpatrick, S., Griffith University. Centre for Coastal Management, & Gold Coast (Qld.). Council. (2009). *Coastal Plant Pocket Guide*. Griffith Centre for Coastal Management.

## Image 1

Aardvark, E. (2008). *Micromelum minutum*. <u>https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Micromelum minutum fruit and foliage.jpg</u>

## Image 2

Morad, A. (2011). *Micromelum minutum*. https://www.flickr.com/photos/adaduitokla/6143432729

## Image 3

CSIRO. (2020). Flowers and buds. https://apps.lucidcentral.org/rainforest/text/entities/micromelum\_minutum.htm?zoom\_highlight=Micro melum+minutum

## Image 4

The Australasian Virtual Herbarium. (2021). Micromelum minutum.

https://avh.ala.org.au/occurrences/search?taxa=Micromelum+minutum#tab\_mapView